

New Employment Credit Report

Economic and Statistical Research Bureau



Purpose

This report is intended to fulfill the Franchise Tax Board's obligation under the Revenue and Taxation Code sections 17053.73 and 23626 to annually report by March 1, to the Joint Legislative Budget Committee, under these sections for the most recent fiscal year, the total amount of the credits claimed, a comparison of the total dollar amount of credits claimed under this section with respect to the department's estimate, and identify options for increasing annual claims of the credit should it not meet estimated amounts.

Prepared by the Staff of the Franchise Tax Board
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

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Background

Chapters 69 and 70 of the Statutes of 2013 (AB 93 and SB 90 respectively) created a New Hiring Tax Credit (also known as the New Employment Credit (NEC)) for employers and was operative for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, and before January 1, 2021. Chapter 52 of the Statutes of 2018 (SB 855) extended the credit's operative date through taxable years beginning before January 1, 2026. To obtain a credit, a qualified taxpayer must:

- Hire a qualified full-time employee on or after January 1, 2014;
- Pay qualified wages attributable to work performed by the qualified fulltime employee in a designated census tract or economic development area;
- Receive a Tentative Credit Reservation from the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) (within 30 days of complying with the Employment Development Department's (EDD) new hire reporting requirement) for that qualified full-time employee; and
- Annually certify each qualified employee.

The credit is based on 35 percent of qualified wages, which are wages between 150 percent and 350 percent of the California minimum wage. As of January 1, 2024, California's minimum wage was increased to \$16.00 per hour from \$15.50 per hour in 2023.

In order to generate an allowable credit, the qualified taxpayer must have a net increase in its total number of full-time equivalent employees working in California compared to its "base year," the taxable year immediately before the year when the first qualified employee was hired. In addition, to claim generated credits on a tax return, the qualified taxpayer must have tax liability to offset. Otherwise, the credit can be carried forward for up to the five subsequent taxable years after the taxable year the credit was generated.

A qualified taxpayer:

- Is an employer engaged in a trade or business within a designated census tract or economic development area.
- Is not engaged in any excluded businesses, including temporary help services, retail trades, those primarily in food services, alcoholic beverage places, theater companies, dinner theaters, casinos, and casino hotels unless the business is considered a small business.
- Is not engaged in a sexually oriented business.
- Hires an individual that is a qualified full-time employee that works at least an average of 35 hours per week and meets other specified wage requirements.

A qualified employee is an employee who meets at least one of the following five criteria:

- Is unemployed for the six months immediately preceding employment;
- Is a veteran who has not been employed since separation from service;
- Is a recipient of the federal Earned Income Tax Credit for the previous taxable year;
- Is an ex-offender immediately preceding employment; or
- Is a recipient of CalWORKS or general assistance immediately preceding employment.

Chapter 55 of the Statues of 2023 (SB 131) expanded the NEC for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2023, and before January 1, 2026, to taxpayers engaged in the following North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) published by the United States Office of Management and Budget, 2022 edition:

- Semiconductor manufacturing or semiconductor research and development (NAICS code 3344)
- Electric airplane manufacturing (NAICS code 3364)
- Lithium production or the manufacturing of lithium batteries (NAICS codes 212390, 325180, or 335910)

A taxpayer engaged in these industries must pay or incur qualified wages during the taxable year, request a tentative credit reservation, and self-certify and provide the verification to the FTB. In addition, the definition of a "qualified full-time employee" is modified by eliminating the requirement that a new employee should perform at least 50 percent of their services within designated census tract or economic development area. It also, modified starting wage requirement, for these industries, ranging from 100 percent to 350 percent of minimum wage and the wages paid must be subject to withholding.

Franchise Tax Board Statutory Reporting Requirements

The FTB is required to provide an annual report, by no later than March 1, to the Joint Legislative Budget Committee which includes the following:

- The total dollar amount of the credits claimed under this section with respect to the relevant fiscal year.
- A comparison of the total dollar amount of credits claimed under this section with respect to that fiscal year with the department's estimate with respect to that same fiscal year.

• Should the total dollar amount of credits claimed for the fiscal year be less than the estimate for that fiscal year, the report shall identify options for increasing annual claims of the credit so as to meet estimated amounts.

The current year total amount of credits claimed are compared to projected credit usage from FTB's annual Tax Expenditure Report.

Beginning March 1, 2025, the FTB is required to include credit amounts claimed by qualified taxpayers in the expanded industries specified in SB 131 (Chapter 55, Statues of 2023) in this report.

Data

Table 1 presents data on NEC allowed on tax returns for tax years 2021 through 2023. The data is based on taxpayer's self-reported tax return information for returns processed as of October 2024. During this period, \$11.5 million in NECs were allowed on 864 tax returns.

Table 1: Total Credit Allowed by Tax Year

Tax Year	Number of Returns	Total Credits Allowed
2021	331	\$5,401,737
2022	352	\$3,602,406
2023*	181	\$2,486,704
Total	864	\$11,490,847

^{*} Not all timely 2023 tax year returns have been processed as of this writing.

Credits Claimed: Estimates and Actual

Table 2 compares the FTB's tax year 2020 Tax Expenditure Report estimates for the 2021 and 2022 tax years to actuals claimed for those years.

Table 2: Total Credit Estimate and Actual by Tax Year

Tax Year	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Actual NEC Amounts Claimed	\$5,401,737	\$3,602,406
Estimated NEC Amounts Claimed	\$5,992,632	\$4,462,296

Table 3 compares the FTB's tax year 2020 Tax Expenditure Report estimates with actuals claimed for the last two complete fiscal years.

Table 3: Total Credit Estimate and Actual by Fiscal Year

Fiscal Year	2021-22	2022-23*
Actual NEC Amounts Claimed	\$4,459,115	\$2,956,092
Estimated NEC Amounts Claimed	\$5,112,882	\$4,566,149

^{* -} Not all timely 2023 tax year returns have been processed as of this writing.

Franchise Tax Board Outreach Efforts

Over the past few years, the FTB has publicized the availability of the NEC via various outreach efforts including the following:

- Assisting with presentations when requested.
- Monitoring a dedicated email box regarding business incentives and responding to questions from the public.
- Publishing articles in FTB's Tax News online newsletter.
- Maintaining an interactive website with credit information, as well as online mapping, reservation, and employment certification tools.
- Continuing to work with the California Department of Technology to keep the DGA map for census tracts functioning and useful for taxpayers.

Options for Increasing Annual Credits Claimed

With only tax return data available to the FTB, related to the NEC, the FTB does not have enough information to understand the reasons why NEC utilization has declined. As a result, FTB can't propose options for increasing the annual claims of the credit to address those issues.